

Trinity Lutheran Church wanted to make its preschool playground safer. So it applied to participate in **Missouri's Scrap Tire Program** to resurface the playground.

Now, **ADF is representing** Trinity Lutheran Church at the U.S. Supreme Court.



WHY?



Missouri claimed that providing the grant would violate the establishment clause, by 'providing direct or indirect aid to churches"



But what exactly is

"DIRECT OR INDIRECT AID TO CHURCHES?"



If the city is fixing the sidewalks downtown, should the crew be told to leave the cracks in front of the church preschool?

If the state provides grants for asbestos removal for all old buildings, **should it be required to exclude churches?**





If thieves are burglarizing homes and business in the neighborhood, could the police respond to a break-in at the church-run preschool?

WHERE IS THE LINE?

Being neutral to religion doesn't mean targeting churches and people of faith for discrimination.

Constitutionally speaking ...

Missouri's actions violate the 1^{st} and 14^{th} amendments to the U.S. Constitution.

Missouri's own constitution states that "no preference shall be given to nor any discrimination made against any church, sect or creed of religion, or any form of religious faith or worship."

The safety of children on Christian preschool playgrounds is not less important than the safety of children on other playgrounds.

-David Cortman, Senior Counsel



For the latest information on this case and ways you can get involved in helping defend religious freedom visit:

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